

EXPORTING 101:

*Understanding your responsibilities
as an exporter*

INTRODUCTION

Changes still continue to be fluent in the export arena with stepped-up enforcement actions in the U.S. This is a guide to help exporters understand their main responsibilities in today's U.S. regulatory environment. It is our hope that this guide will help the exporter be aware of U.S. Government regulations and what these entail.

Responsibilities

The Foreign Trade Regulations (FTR) places primary responsibility for compliance of the Electronic Export Information (EEI), formerly known as the Shippers Export Declaration (SED), on the exporter (U.S. principal party in interest).

Acting through a forwarding or other agent or delegating or re-delegating authority does not in and of itself relieve exporters of their compliance responsibility - even in a routed transaction. Penalties are being issued for late filing, no filing or inaccuracies on the Electronic Export Information being filed through the Automated Export System (AES). Exporters must ensure the information they are providing to their forwarder or filing through AES themselves is timely, accurate, and updated when corrections are received.

It is the exporter's obligation to check all parties in a transaction against the most recent Excluded Parties Lists to avoid penalties for shipping to an entity that cannot receive U.S. exports. There are currently several lists that must be checked for each export transaction. Go to www.Export.Gov for the [Consolidated Screening List](#) where you can view each list individually.

The President's [National Export Initiative](#) (NEI), the first ever National Export Coordinator appointed by the Department of Justice, additional export programs and changes with how and what will be controlled, and the dedication of more and more resources focused on export enforcement over the past few years mean U.S. exporters have a multitude of reasons to act with care and have an export compliance plan in place. Many new exporters are arriving on the scene and it is essential for exporters to review operations to be sure they adhere to all U.S. Export Regulations. All exporters must be informed and comply with all of the export regulations that govern their products. Please be sure you are prepared and ready for an export agency to review your documents or ask questions regarding your export transaction. If you need help, please contact compliance@shapiro.com for further information and assistance with your export compliance program.

Questions to Ponder

(Links provided to various sites for your convenience)

Commodity type(s)? What is the intended use of the commodity? HTS or Schedule B Number(s) for commodity?

When exporting commodities from the United States, you must first classify your article according to the Schedule B or Harmonized Tariff Schedule for reporting to Census.

- [Harmonized Tariff Schedule](#)
- [Schedule B](#)
- [Schedule B Search Engine](#)

Additional Schedule B assistance can be obtained from Census by contacting the Commodity Analysis Branch:

Email: ftd.scheduleb@census.gov

Schedule B Help Line

Ph. 1-800-549-0595, Option 2

Fax 301-763-4347

Are any of your commodities listed under the Commerce Control List (CCL)?

If your commodity does come under the CCL, the exporter must provide the Export Commodity Classification Number (ECCN), and must know if a license is required to the export destination, or if an exception can be used for each transaction. Under U.S. law it is the responsibility of the exporter to classify the item(s) and to determine if an export license is required from any United States Government agency.

Please refer to [Part 774 \(CCL\)](#) of the Export Administration Regulations for the Commerce Control List

[Alphabetical Listing for the Commerce Control List](#)

Please refer to the Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) Website for more information concerning the [Export Control Classification Number \(ECCN\)](#), licenses, and exceptions.

There is also a list of [Frequently Asked Questions](#) from BIS which may assist you in determining whether your item or transaction requires some type of license, along with a list of [FAQ's regarding Commerce licenses](#) that can be found on the BIS website.

The Bureau of Industry and Security (BIS) has also added an [online training room](#) to its website with easy to use training modules. We highly recommend these to our exporters. Please keep in mind, the exporter is responsible to be aware of all of the Export Administration Regulations.

If you need assistance from BIS in determining your ECCN number, you can contact BIS through its [website](#).

For counseling assistance by phone, you may contact one of the BIS counselors at 202-482-4811 for Washington, DC or 949-660-0144 for California.*

* Please note: phone and email assistance from BIS is not binding, it is used for guidance purposes only.*

If you need to obtain a binding classification ruling from the BIS, this must be done electronically through the Simplified Network Application Process Redesign (SNAP-R). Please contact compliance@shapiro.com for more information.

Do any of your commodities have military application and fall within the International Traffic In Arms Regulations (ITAR)? Is your commodity referenced on the U.S. Munitions List (USML)?

If your commodity does fall under the [ITAR](#) on the United States Munitions List, the exporter must provide the license number, or an ITAR exemption number for each transaction.

Your company must also be [registered](#) with the United States Department of State, Directorate of Defense Trade Controls (DDTC) if you manufacture, sell, export, or import items with military application

If your item is on the USML, additional information will be necessary in order to transmit the required Electronic Export Information to the Automated Export System (AES). The Census website covers the [eight \(8\) elements required for AES](#).

The State Department Response Team field's basic process and status questions, and assists importers and exporters in identifying what they need to do to get answers to more complex questions involving issues substantively handled by DDTC's licensing and compliance offices. You can reach the Response Team by telephone at (202) 663-1282, or by e-mail at DDTCResponseTeam@state.gov.

A list of [FAQ's](#) from the State Department can be found on the DDTC website.

Please refer to the U.S. Department of State web site for more information regarding the ITAR and the United States munitions list and [getting started with Defense Trade](#).

What countries do you export to?

The Office of Foreign Assets Control lists the [sanctions and embargoes](#) the U.S. has imposed on certain countries. The exporter must be aware of these country controls.

The U.S. Department of State has a list of [country policies and embargoed countries](#) showing which countries may receive defense articles.

BIS has a list of [regional considerations](#) to areas of concern.

What is the end use of your product?

This is a question that concerns the U.S. Government for security, national defense, and anti-terrorism reasons. Some end-uses are prohibited while others may require a license. For example, you may not export to certain entities involved in the proliferation of weapons of mass destruction (e.g., nuclear, biological, chemical) and the missiles to deliver them, without specific authorization, no matter what your item is. For more information on prohibited end- uses, please refer to [Part 744](#) of the Export Administration Regulations.

Are you shipping to the Middle East? Do you adhere to the antiboycott regulations?

Exporters must be aware of the antiboycott laws that were adopted to encourage, and in specified cases, require U.S. firms to refuse to participate in foreign boycotts that the United States does not sanction. They have the effect of preventing U.S. firms from being used to implement foreign policies of other nations which run counter to U.S. foreign policy. Additional information on [antiboycott laws](#), what they cover and what your responsibility is as an exporter can be found on the BIS website.

[Recent Examples of Boycott requests](#) can be found on the BIS website.

These types of requests or problematic language are often included in letters of credit. U.S. companies continue to report receiving requests to engage in activities that further or support the boycott of Israel. U.S. companies may receive similar requests in the future. Compliance with such requests may be prohibited by the Export Administration Regulations, and reportable to the Commerce Department. If you have questions, please call (202) 482-2381 and ask for the Duty Officer or you may [Email BIS](#).

Have you checked the current “Red Flag” indicators provided by BIS for things to look for in an export transaction?

Use these [Red Flag Indicators](#) as a check list to help identify possible violations of the Export Administration Regulations.

Do you really know your customer?

Use the “Know Your Customer Guidance” provided by the BIS.

BIS has issued [guidance](#) on how individuals and firms should act under this knowledge standard. This guidance does not change or revise the EAR.

Are your commodities considered to be Hazardous for shipping purposes?

Each mode of shipping has specific hazmat regulations. The Federal Aviation Administration has been especially persistent in checking commodities and tracking it back to the exporter to see if the exporter's staff has current hazmat training. All modes of transportation have increased inspection of hazardous materials.

- [Air Transportation](#)
- [Ocean Transportation](#)
- [Land Transportation](#)
- [Rail Transportation](#)

Do you understand your role as an exporter under the Foreign Trade Regulations? Is your company the USPPI in a routed export transaction?

As an exporter or a company that sells goods and services to foreign entities, you need to understand your role and the role of the forwarder in the export transaction. Take a look at the [Frequently Asked Questions from the Foreign Trade Regulations](#) on the Census website regarding the USPPI, the required information for the Electronic Export Information that must be filed through the Automated Export System (AES), the filing time frames and the penalties that are now being issued for late filing, no filing, or inaccuracies on the Electronic Export Information.

For specific questions regarding the Electronic Export Information (EEI) filed through the Automated Export System (AES) or questions regarding your role under the Foreign Trade Administration, you can contact Census by [email](#) or by phone at 1-800-549-0595.

Links to Major U.S. Export Regulations

[The Export Administration Regulations](#)

[The Foreign Trade Regulations](#)

[The International Traffic in Arms Regulations](#)

[Customs Regulations](#)

If you don't understand all of the information above and feel you need one on one consultation, please contact compliance@shapiro.com.

***This document is intended to highlight some of the major responsibilities exporters have under U.S. Government regulations. **This is not all inclusive** and depending on the commodity, the exporter may have responsibilities under other U.S. Government agencies, such as FDA, USDA, NRC, DEA, DOJ, etc. Prior to exporting, please be sure to check with any agency that may have jurisdiction over your commodity. This document does not include Foreign Country of Import information. Laws vary depending on the intended destination of your transaction. ***

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Baltimore Headquarters
100 N. Charles St, Ste 1200
Baltimore, MD 21201
www.shapiro.com

Phone
1-888-you-1915
you@shapiro.com